

Internal Revenue Service  
District Director

Department of the Treasury

Date: OCT 25 1983

Employer Identification Number:

94-2909979  
Internal Revenue Code  
Section 501(c)(6)

Accounting Period Ending:

December 31  
Form 990 Required:  Yes  No

Person to Contact:

Desk Officer  
Contact Telephone Number:

(415) 556-5353

California Chapter American  
Planning Association  
1010 Eleventh Street Suite 300  
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Applicant:

Based on information supplied, and assuming your operations will be as stated in your application for recognition of exemption, we have determined you are exempt from Federal income tax under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code section indicated above.

Unless specifically excepted, you are liable for taxes under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (social security taxes) for each employee to whom you pay \$100 or more during a calendar year. And, unless excepted, you are also liable for tax under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act for each employee to whom you pay \$50 or more during a calendar quarter if, during the current or preceding calendar year, you had one or more employees at any time in each of 20 calendar weeks or you paid wages of \$1,500 or more in any calendar quarter. If you have any questions about excise, employment or other Federal taxes, please address them to this office.

If your purposes, character, or method of operation change, please let us know so we can consider the effect of the change on your exempt status. Also, you should inform us of all changes in your name or address.

The block checked at the top of this letter shows whether you must file Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax. If the Yes box is checked, you are only required to file Form 990 if your gross receipts each year are normally more than \$10,000. If a return is required, it must be filed by the 15th day of the fifth month after the end of your annual accounting period. The law provides for a penalty of \$10 a day, up to a maximum of \$5,000, when a return is filed late, unless there is reasonable cause for the delay. This penalty may also be charged if a return is not complete. So, please make sure your return is complete before you file it.

You are not required to file Federal income tax returns unless you are subject to the tax on unrelated business income under section 511 of the Internal Revenue

(over)

Code. If you are subject to this tax, you must file an income tax return on Form 990-T. In this letter we are not determining whether any of your present or proposed activities are unrelated trade or business as defined in Code section 513.

You need an employer identification number even if you have no employees. If an employer identification number was not entered on your application, a number will be assigned to you and you will be advised of it. Please use that number on all returns you file and in all correspondence with the Internal Revenue Service.

Because this letter could help resolve any questions about your exempt status, you should keep it in your permanent records.

If you have any questions, please contact the person whose name and telephone number are shown in the heading of this letter.

Sincerely yours,



District Director

As a business league contributions to you are not deductible by donors. You should advise your contributors to that effect.

Your attention is called to the provisions of section 162(e) of the Income Tax Code of 1954 and Regulations 1.162-20 which specifically precludes deductibility of any amounts paid or incurred in connection with any attempt to influence the general public or segments thereof, with respect to legislative matters (otherwise known as grass roots lobbying), elections, or referendums. You should inform your members that portion of their dues, or other contributions devoted to such activities is not deductible under section 162(e).

\*For tax years ending on and after December 31, 1982, organizations whose gross receipts are not normally more than \$25,000, are excused from filing Form 990. For guidance in determining if your gross receipts are "normally" not more than the \$25,000 limit, see the instructions for the Form 990.